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Rankine 2020 Conference

Advances in Cooling, Heating and Power Generation



Harnessing the Data from Your Refrigeration Systems to Drive Energy Cost Savings

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Research Review: 2018 - 2022



Summary

- This review covers findings presented at:
 - International Congress of Refrigeration, Montreal, August 2019
 - Rankine 2020 Conference, Glasgow, July 2020
 - Gustav Lorentzen Conference, Kyoto, December 2020
 - Ohrid Conference, September 2021
- It represents five years of study of industrial refrigeration systems in the cold storage and distribution sector
- The objectives are to understand the reason for wide variation in performance, to recommend remedial measures and to provide methods for justifying improvement activity

Energy use in Industrial Refrigeration Systems

- Reducing energy use is top priority
- But there is still a massive variation from one site to another
- Measuring kWh consumed per year and dividing by store volume gives a useful benchmark between sites and for a single site over a long time
- Store floor area can also be used but can give misleading results
- Best Practice figures from around the world show close agreement on what can be achieved



Factors affecting building energy performance

- Building utilisation how busy is it?
 - Can product throughput be measured and correlated to energy?
- Weather how hard does the system have to work to reject heat?
 - Moisture ingress?
 - Solar gain?
 - Heat rejection temperature?
- Fabric condition how good is the building at stopping heat ingress?
 - Doors?
 - Walls and ceilings?
- Management how good are the management at stopping heat ingress?
- Refrigeration plant how well does it handle the load presented?



Five factors which influence energy performance

- Utilisation of the building
- Weather
- Building fabric condition
- Process Management

These four factors establish the magnitude of the heat load applied to the refrigeration system and are independent of the coefficient of performance of the refrigeration plant

Refrigeration Plant

Performance based on CoP of refrigeration

They all have an influence on the amount of energy needed to maintain store temperature

Proposed new metric



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"Do you think these two ever fit together?" Al Gore, "An Inconvenient Truth"





- Actually not as well as you might think
- Yes, there is a correlation
- But there is also a wide variation in kWh at a given ambient
- This is typically +/-50% of the daily energy figure



- When the weather regression is backed out of the daily readings, based on average ambient for that day the daily variation can be seen
- This is +/- 10,000 kWh on a daily reading of around 15,000 kWh
- A +ve discrepancy figure indicates actual power lower than predicted
- This could be explained by the plant being off for maintenance
- A -ve figure is harder to explain: power higher than predicted?
- Smoothing effect of daily average might be hiding something else



Why predict SEC

- When operating conditions are deliberately changed...
 - Cleaning the condenser
 - Replacing a compressor
 - Repairing a control system
 - Adjusting a setpoint
 - Modifying operator behaviour (eg dock doors, product temperature)
- ... it is important to understand the effect of the change ASAP
- Otherwise the reason for change will be forgotten or other changes will be implemented which will mask the effect
- Frequent assessment of future SEC also helps to identify when an adverse change occurs and enables corrective action to be taken before the financial impact becomes too severe

Displaying SEC

There are two ways to show the Specific Energy Consumption of a cold store.

One is as a point on a graph compared to other cold stores of a similar type.

The graph has store volume on the x-axis and SEC on the y-axis

The other is as a historic trend to show how the SEC is developing over time

This has time on the x-axis and SEC on the y

This is not the same as the daily kWh usage, it is the daily prediction of annual SEC

It can be based on yesterday, last, week, last month or rolling 12 month average





Questions for a Cold Store Business

How is my performance compared to last year?

How is my performance compared to my competitors?

How is my performance compared to best practice?

Past

What can I do to make my performance better?

What do I need to do to keep my performance good?

What will the effect of this maintenance intervention be on performance?

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Future



Predicting SEC

- Real historic data from over twenty sites was analysed for three years
- Curves were fitted to the annual data using a polynomial and a sine wave

•
$$P = an^4 + bn^3 + cn^2 + dn + e$$

• $a = 1.861 \times 10^{-12}, b = 1.462 \times 10^{-9}, c = 3.41 \times 10^{-7}, d = 2.1 \times 10^{-5}$ and e = 0.0026

•
$$P = -fsin\left((n+g)\frac{2\pi}{365}\right) + h$$

• $f = 0.55 \times 10^{-3}$, g = 78 and h = 0.00274



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Other Considerations

- For more complex plants other considerations will also come into play:
 - "is the energy requirement seasonal?"
 - "is the energy use affected by production throughput?"
 - "is the heat load constant or variable?"
 - "what parameters drive the variability?"
- For process loads additional information is required but the methodology is still valid and the opportunities for making savings are even greater
- The most important factor for successful use of the SEC predictor is an understanding of what is driving variability in the energy use



The next step – using SEC for business

SEC prediction can help to control business operating costs, but there is a balance:





The next step – using SEC for business

SEC prediction can help to control business operating costs, but there is a balance:



* If nothing else changes...



The next step – using SEC for business

SEC prediction can help to control business operating costs, but there is a balance:

Full Year SEC: 365 days Actual value Historic Accurate Tracked to show trends	Short Term 270 days Prediction to 95 days +/- 5% Tracked to show trends	Medium Term 90 days Prediction to 275 days +/- 20% Tracked to show trends	Long Term 10 days Prediction to 355 days +/- 30% Tracked to show trends
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Case Study

- Daily energy data was taken from a cold storage site and analysed as if it were being collected live
- Long, medium and short term predictions were calculated on a daily basis and compared with the actual SEC figure for the most recent 365 days of data







- The full year figure was rising slightly...
- ...but short term prediction was higher
- Medium term prediction was high...
- ...but falling, and
- Long term prediction was the lowest
- This indicates that there has been a recent improvement, and the full year figure can be expected to fall further







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Development of analysis tool

- An excel based analysis tool gives a means of achieving a quick estimate of SEC for a facility
- It does not need daily readings, only a kWh reading with a start and finish date and of course the volume of the store
- The output is an estimate of SEC together with the upper and lower bounds based on the error calculation



Site name	Project X	
Volume of store	280,000	m3
First day of year	01/01/2019	1
Date of first reading	04/02/2019	35
Date of last reading	06/10/2019	279
Total kWh recorded	2,649,415	kWh
Number of days	245	
SEC Estimate	13.21	kpma
Upper limit of SEC	13.87	kpma
Lower limit of SEC	12.55	kpma
margin of error	5.0	%

Development of analysis tool

- The output can also be displayed as an infographic giving comparisons with best practice and typical average performance values
- The infographic also gives an estimate of energy cost and CO₂ emissions that would be saved if the store was improved to the best practice benchmark







Deployment of analysis tool

- An app is available to enable easy calculation and sharing of SEC
- Just search "SEC Calculator" in the app store
- There's no need to register – but it is better if you do





Deployment of prediction tool

- The long, medium and short term predictions shown are now included in Star's standard HMI software for new plant
- This can also be retrofitted to existing systems
- And is available in Ethos

100760		Refrigerating
Overview	Main	Specific Energy Consumption
Control	Trends	The SEC today in kWh/m3/year is
Plant Data	Energy Charts	12 Q
Timers	SEC Calculations	12.3
Setpoints 1		The forecast SEC in kWh/m3/year is
Setpoints 2		13.8± 4.1 13.8± 1.4 12.9± 0.6
Calibration		kWh/m3/Day
Alarms		16 14 12
Login		4 2 Jan-22 Feb-22 Mar-22 Apr-22
Logout		Long Forecast — Medium Forecast — Short Forecast — Actual
12/04/202	2 16:39:27	Month/Year: Year Range: 365 Days Update Update



Conclusions

- SEC is a necessary tool in managing energy consumption of cold stores
- It can motivate a policy of continual improvement through wise investment
- It is necessary to extrapolate the effect of change to gain quick feedback
- Data gathering and analysis is essential before and after the change
- The effect of change should be evident within a few days
- This can be easily retrofitted to existing sites
- It helps to manage operating costs, giving better control of maintenance activities and investment decisions.





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...coming soon: SEC in the Southern Hemisphere



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