

Webinars for Cold Chain Professionals CLIMATE CHANGE WEEK DAY 1: POLICY STARTING AT 10:30AM

SUPPORTED BY:





TOM SOUTHALL POLICY DIRECTOR COLD CHAIN FEDERATION





COLD CHAIN & CLIMATE CHANGE -FINDING PRAGMATIC SOLUTIONS

18 & 19 MAY @ 10:30 - 12:00

This two-day event will examine COP26, the latest climate change policy and its impact on businesses in the cold chain. We will also be revealing the next phase of our Net Zero Project and focussing on innovations driving decarbonisation.

18 MAY @10:30

CLIMATE CHANGE POLICY AND THE COLD CHAIN





Prof Toby Peters Professor in Cold Economy



Tom Southall **Cold Chain Federation**



Dr Rob Lamb **Star Refrigeration**



Cooperative Group



Mypower



DavidKipling **Onsite Energy Projects**

EVENT PARTNERS







FIND OUT MORE & BOOK YOUR PLACE: www.coldchainfederation.org.uk/climate-change-week/

19 MAY @10:30

SUSTAINABLE INNOVATION IN THE COLD CHAIN

TODAY: COP26, POLICY & RESEARCH



10:35 – 10:50	COP26 Introduction	COP26
10:50 – 11:15	Climate Change Policy and the Cold Chain	វ‡ ርጉታ ርጉታ አ፝ COLD CHAIN FEDERATION
11:15 – 11:35	Research into Net Zero Cold Chains	Centre for Sustainable Cooling
11:35 – 11:55	Reflection and discussion	

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AN INTRODUCTION TO COP26

With Dan Hamza-Goodacre, COP26 Champions Team



CLIMATE CHANGE POLICY AND THE COLD CHAIN

With Tom Southall, CCF Policy Director





UK CLIMATE CHANGE TARGETS & PROGRESS

POLICY IMPACTING THE COLD CHAIN

COLD CHAIN MOTIVATORS AND INHIBITORS

WHAT DOES THIS ALL MEAN: CCF NET ZERO PROJECT



UK CLIMATE CHANGE TARGETS & PROGRESS

TARGETS: THE DRIVING FORCE



≻'Net zero' economy by 2050

- Legally binding: Climate Change Act
- World's most ambitious legally binding GHG target
- against a baseline of 1990 levels
- Progress overseen by the Committee for Climate Change (CCC)



PROGRESS: HALFWAY, BUT.....





https://www.carbonbrief.org/

UK - Emissions by sector, 1990-2018



Source: Institute for Government analysis of: *Final UK greenhouse gas emissions national statistics*, BEIS, February 2020 Note: Net negative emissions from LULUCF not shown.

lfG

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BY-NC



Figure 9: Greenhouse gas emissions from business, UK 1990-2019 (MtCO₂e)

Source: Tables 1.2 to 1.6, Final UK greenhouse gas emissions national statistics 1990-2019 Excel data tables



Figure 6: Greenhouse gas emissions from transport, UK 1990-2019 (MtCO₂e)

Source: Tables 1.2 to 1.6, Final UK greenhouse gas emissions national statistics 1990-2019 Excel data tables

COVID-19 & THE CCC

- The impacts of the coronavirus pandemic delivered an estimated 10.7% reduction in carbon emissions in 2020.
- CCC Sixth Carbon Budget (2033-2037), Dec 20
 - interim target of 78% by 2035 also legally binding
- "It will be businesses that primarily deliver the net-zero target and provide the vast majority of the required investment" CCC Progress Report 2019

Figure 4 Types of abatement in the Balanced Net Zero Pathway



Source: BEIS (2020) Provisional UK greenhouse gas emissions national statistics 2019; CCC analysis. Notes: 'Other low-carbon technology' includes use of bioenergy and waste treatment measures. 'Producing low- carbon electricity' requires the use of CCS in electricity generation.



UK STRATEGY FOR ACHIEVING NET ZERO

NO CLEAR STRATEGY

- Industrial Decarbonisation Strategy: March 2021. 2/3 reduction in emissions in 15 years
 - Energy efficiency, clean energy and carbon capture
- > Government's 10 point plan for a Green Industrial Revolution
 - Transport Decarbonisation Plan... awaited
 - Hydrogen Strategy.... awaited
 - Heat and Buildings Strategy...awaited
 - Net Zero Strategy.....awaited in time for COP26
- > Build back Greener... but not much in March Budget or May Queens speech.
 - Net Zero funding portfolio
 - More coming soon....?

POLICY IMPACTING COLD CHAIN BUSINESSES

SHORT TERM – WHAT WE KNOW



TRANSPORT

- Red Diesel... a climate change policy?
- Restrictions on movement for diesel vehicles (and TRUs?)
- Funding for the transition.. promised but not yet delivered
- F Gas phaseout

BUILDINGS

- Reporting of emissions & building performance ratings
- Climate Change Agreement reform
- Fluctuations in energy pricing and contracts
- Temporary tax reliefs for investment

LONGER TERM – WHAT WE MIGHT EXPECT



TRANSPORT

- Phase out of diesel in vehicles, HGVs in 2040?
- Fuel duty changes
- Move to natural refrigerants

BUILDINGS

- Planning: increasing requirements for sustainable buildings
- Carbon Tax/Pricing
- Greater requirement for energy efficiency

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MOTIVATORS AND INHIBITORS FOR COLD CHAIN BUSINESSES

BUSINESS MOTIVATORS FOR NET ZERO





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INHIBITORS TO NET ZERO





CCF Survey on barriers to decarbonising T/C fleets



WHAT DOES THIS ALL MEAN? CCF NET ZERO PROJECT

CCF NET ZERO PROJECT



Our commitment to support our industry through the transition to Net Zero

- > PUBLICATIONS: Defining, vehicles, buildings, cold chain ecosystem
- ➢ INSIGHT & RESEARCH:
 - keeping our members up to date with the latest in climate change strategy and policy.
 - Supporting research into sustainable cold chains
- > EVENTS
- > ADVISING THE GOVERNMENT: THE VOICE OF THE COLD CHAIN

https://www.coldchainfederation.org.uk/cold-chain-net-zero-project/



SHAPING THE COLD CHAIN OF THE FUTURE: THE ROAD TO NET ZERO

PART ONE - SETTING THE SCENE



GOVERNMENT SUPPORT FOR NET ZERO COLD CHAIN



- Strategy: what are the innovations & technologies which Gvmt will be supporting and how will the cold chain be expected to contribute to net zero?
- > Funding: to be determined how this will support operators

Scrappage schemes /	Grants to support	Tax breaks or subsidies
policies to encourage	installation of	for investment in new
retirement of old	infrastructure	equipment
technology Grants for R & I	Grants to support trials of alternative technology	

> Infrastructure: how will the Government be supporting the transition?

DEFINING NET ZERO

Xn C I **COLD CHAIN**



 Supporting Cold Chain Federation members to calculate the emissions they control and produce decarbonisation strategies

COLD CHAIN

4 / COLD CHAIN CONVERSATION /

In February 2021, The Cold Chain Federation held a Cold Chain Conversation debate on the topic of how we define a net zero cold chain An expert panel including Professor Alan McKinnon, Professor Toby Peters, Dr Tim Fox, Professor Judith Evans and Tim Moran discussed key issues including what we actually mean by a 'net zero cold chain', how this might impact members and how we will need to work alongside others to achieve real change. Below are some key insights from this debate, which has helped to shape this document, the ful event can be watched back here

SHAPING THE COLD CHAIN OF THE FUTURE: THE ROAD TO NET ZERO

PART TWO – DEFINING A NET ZERO COLD CHAIN

ON WHERE RESPONSIBILITY LIES FOR **ON DEFINING NET ZERO**

NET ZERO COLD CHAINS Dr Tim Fox: "Net zero encompasses all the actors and essor Toby Peters: "Individual businesses can only 111 players involved in the cold chain, from the businesses fluence what they directly control. However, to achieve designed manufacturing and installing the infrastructure a net zero cold chain we have to recognise that it is an ntegrated system. The system has to work seamlessly through to the logistics managers optimising operations and the equipment maintenance, servicing and decommissioning being done by technicians and engineers in the field, all with sustainability at their core. It rom manufacture to consumer. We have to look at t both vertically and horizontally, as an operator you focus on what you can do, however we must also work requires a different way of thinking" collaboratively to improve the whole cold chain system

Tim Moran: "Net zero and what this might mean is pretty hain decarbonisation aligns with international initiatives scary from a cold chain operator's point of view. We don't know what this looks like at the moment – we need such as ISO or Science Based Tareeting to align and ensure a clear roadmap to help our commercial decisions and

"We are making investments today which are expecte to last for the next 30 years... are we doing the right thing or are we building white elephants which won't be fit for purpose in the future?

ON THE COLD CHAIN OF 2050

Professor Alan McKinnon: "We need to make sure cold nsistency in approach with other sectors'

*Businesses can start to assess their emissions using the Government's emission factor data, which includes values cold chain infrastructure as they build their internal capability to measure emissions you can replace these with your own value

ofessor Toby Peters: "The cold chain of 2050 will be s close to net zero as possible. We can achieve this iv reducing demand for cooling by building design and behaviour change, shifting how we do cooling, harnessing waste heat and cold and improving our systems to become ultra-efficient systems"

Professor Alan McKinnon: : "Just applying energy savings alone is not going to get us to Net Zero. Some of the required changes are behavioural and operational too Short term incremental savings can be made, but long term we must look at integration and how we interact

nge is not happening fast enough; we must act quickly Ve have got to be moving r

ON HOW THE UK GOVERNMENT CAN SUPPORT THE JOURNEY TO A NET ZERO COLD CHAIN

> Professor Toby Peters: "We have to remember that the cold chain is the backbone of our society. One of the roles of Government is to understand the UK's future need for chain so we meet the societal and environmental challenge simultaneously. Government needs to invest far more into what are the solutions to system level solutions to meet the future demands of the cold chain".

> > Defining a Net Zero Cold Chain

Dr Tim Fox: "Government must work with the industry to identify policy barriers to achieving a net zero cold chain and work towards removing those to enable net zero. They must also ensure they directly support innovation and ensure we have the right skills in our workforce". Actively supporting research and studies into the overall emissions impact (and benefit) of the cold chain in the UK and beyond.....

uidance on how we will need to operate in the future

DECARBONISING TC DISTRIBUTION





- An outlook on how the industry can transition to diesel-free TRUs
 - Technology
 - Government support
 - Milestones

• Coming summer 2021



RESEARCH INTO NET ZERO COLD CHAINS

With Prof Toby Peters, Professor of Cold Economy

PATHWAYS TO NET-ZERO COLD-CHAINS

Meeting the world's shared climate and social goals













Meeting the world's shared climate and social goals

A COLLABORATIVE TEAM FROM LEADING UK RESEARCH INSTITUTES

London South Bank University

Refrigeration systems Cold-chain



Prof. Judith Evans



Prof. Graeme Maidment



Energy Systems Policy



Professor Toby Peters



Dr Xinfang Wang

Cranfield University

Postharvest Management



Dr Natalia Falagán



Prof. Leon Terry

Heriot-Watt University

Logistics Business Models





Professor Phil Greening Dr Dhanan Utomo





Dr. Bing Xu

Dr. Kumar Debnath









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PATHWAYS TO NET-ZERO COLD-CHAINS

Meeting the world's shared climate and social goals

A SERIES OF INTERLINKING PROJECTS

We have built a portfolio of projects across cold-chain research and bottom-up, needs driven system approaches in both developed and developing markets.

It includes

- design for mass scale COVID-19 vaccination;
- the new Africa Centre of Excellence for Sustainable Cooling and Cold-chain;
- a new UK-India Centre of Excellence for Postharvest Management and clean cold-chain;
- a whole systems "farm to customer fridge" approach to deliver a clear industry-led pathway to achieve the UK's net zero 2050 target whilst maintaining food security and affordability and supporting economic opportunities.

Given the global nature of cold-chains, these programmes all work closely together.

£5.5M of UK grant funding

Similar level of funding from in-country partners in Indi and Africa

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PATHWAYS TO NET-ZERO COLD-CHAINS

Net-zero cooling is reducing GHG cooling emissions from energy use (i.e. indirect emissions) and refrigerant leakage (i.e. direct emissions) during operational life of products (excluding resource extraction, manufacturing, end of life decommissioning) to as close to zero as possible and any remaining GHG emissions (direct and indirect) would be balanced with an equivalent amount of carbon removal.

- Minimise the demand for artificial cooling
- Making use of natural, renewable, and waste energy resources,
- Using energy efficient technologies that avoid refrigerants high global-warming-potential (GWP)
- Taking a circular economy approach to design, manufacturing, deployment, operation and end of life decommissioning

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Meeting the world's shared climate and social goals

WHOLE SYSTEM ASSESSMENT







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AFRICA CENTRE OF EXCELLENCE IN SUSTAINABLE COOLING AND COLD-CHAIN





Underpinned with £multi-million public sector investments by the Governments of UK and Rwanda, scheduled to open in 2022 with its own 96-acre campus in Kigali, Rwanda, hosted by the University of Rwanda.

- Help least-served communities work in partnership with industry and academia to reduce food loss and increase access to cooling; key to many basic societal services and needs.
- Provide the skills and encouragement to young people • to access exciting careers in fast-growing global sectors.
- Deliver industry the right environment, sales channels and support for the development; demonstration and marketing, and installation and maintenance of new technologies
- We will create the fit-for-market step-change pathways to net zero cold-chain and cooling







UNIVERSITY





SOME OF THE EXAMPLE AREAS

Post-harvest handling, storage, quality, process and packing zone with: Off-grid mobile pre-cooling; Controlled Atmosphere systems; Refrigerated storage; Precision Cooling for soft fruit and perishable crops (blast chilling/vacuum coolers); Hydrocooling; Ripening Rooms; Sustainable packaging; modified atmosphere packaging.

Distribution, Cold-Chain and Logistics Zone with: Ice-production; Zero-emission transport refrigeration; PCMs and small-scale rechargeable cooling boxes; Zero-emission refrigerated transport as well as retail display, professional and domestic, etc.

Energy and Energy Storage Centre with: Integrated thermal systems; waste heat to cold (sorption cooling); Thermal storage (phase change materials).

Data and Digital Transformation Needs assessment tools, data capture and use monitoring, virtual models, electronic trading and fulfilment platforms.

Business Start-Ups, and Incubation Suite with: Design service, business models market engagement and finance, export distribution network.

Quality control and Certifications Centre addressing: Codes and Standards; Setting quality thresholds for retail sector and export markets; Food safety.

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Other areas – vaccine and health, retail domestic.











PATHWAYS TO NET-ZERO COLD-CHAINS

OPPORTUNITIES FOR BUSINESS

- ✓ Access to test and development equipment, and technology demonstration in the field.
- ✓ In-market capacity building and skills development to support uptake of best practices and technology deployment and maintenance
- ✓ A business incubator with full-service training, business model design and support, skills development and innovation support.
- ✓ Sustainable low-carbon, packhouse and logistics design services.
- ✓ International certifications advisory services to increase market opportunities and qualify in-country service providers.
- Research programmes on future-proof, localised solutions for food loss reduction and increased farmer income.

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Meeting the world's shared climate and social goals

UK – PATHWAYS TO ZERO EMISSION COLD-CHAIN

Two projects – **18** month and 4 years

Update and add to current information on energy usage and CO_{2e} emissions

- Benchmark the existing cold chain (chilled and frozen) and provide robust evidence based data on emissions in 2020
- Forward predict emissions to 2050 based on a business as usual scenario
- Evaluate future cold-chain energy consumption demands (technical + non-technical), on UK energy strategies

Systems approach to cooling

 Using digital twins, develop a pathway(s) to a 2050 net zero food











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Objectives:

- Benchmark the existing cold chain (chilled and frozen) and provide robust evidence based data on emissions in 2020
- Forward predict emissions to 2050 based on a business as usual scenario considering predicted/known changes in population, climate and legislation
 - Assess available options to improve (TRL >=TRL7)
 - Assess new options (TRL4-6)
- Develop a pathway(s) to a 2050 net zero food



FES (Foodservice Equipment Association) Supporting partners include: FETA (Federation of Environmental Trade AMDEA (The Association of Manufacturers of Associations) Domestic Appliances) Flexible Power Systems BFFF (British Frozen Food Federation) Hubbard Bitzer IOR (Institute of Refrigeration) CCF (Cold Chain federation) Star Refrigeration CFA (Chilled Food Association) U4E (United for Efficiency) Danfoss UNEP (UN Environment Programme) Dawson Group WAVE Refrigeration FDA (Food and Drink Federation)

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NET ZERO COLD CHAIN

- Update and add to current information on energy usage and CO_{2e} emissions
- Assess cooling (chilling and freezing) needs of fresh produce to maintain quality and safety
- Evaluate future cold-chain energy consumption demands (technical + non-technical), impact on UK energy and peak electricity demand
- Systems approach to cooling
- Areas of intervention considering available energy and thermal • resources, emission targets, cost and other commitments
- Four integrated measures covering societal, technical, operational and economic perspectives:
 - 1) Reduce: Reducing the need for cooling, ensuring optimal conditions for food
 - 2) Shift: Transitioning to more sustainable technologies and working fluids and taking different approaches to cooling
 - 3) Improve: Enhance equipment and operation efficiency
 - 4) Aggregate: synergies within the cold-chain to better integrate different cooling demands into single system

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Meeting the world's shared

 Building several digital twins to to analyse a variety of scenarios (e.g. technology, logistics and policy interventions), before testing them in reality, reducing risks and cost













Image source: https://www.flaticon.com/

Meeting the world's shared climate and social goals

PATHWAYS TO NET-ZERO COLD-CHAINS



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PATHWAYS TO NET-ZERO COLD-CHAINS

Meeting the world's shared climate and social goals





UK | DUBAI | MALAYSIA

REFLECTIONS AND CLOSING THOUGHTS



With Dr Rob Lamb, Star Refrigeration

THANK YOU

JOIN US TOMORROW:

Wednesday 19th May 10:30am

DAY 2: SUSTAINABLE INNOVATIONS FOR THE COLD CHAIN

SUPPORTED BY:

